

## "LAWFUL MONEY" IN, BUT IS RESTRICTED

May Not Be Used for Redemption Purposes in Latest Draft of Currency Bill.

MEASURE NEARLY READY

Democrats to Submit It to the Full Committee To-day.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—In the committee bill which the six Democratic members of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee will submit to the full committee tomorrow "lawful money" will have a more restricted application than was given two days ago when the words "lawful money" were dropped from the bill. The new amendment "lawful money" may not be used for redemption purposes, and the latest draft of the bill provides that it may be used only as a medium against deposits and other liabilities.

The bill requires that this reserve must be in "gold or lawful money."

After the adjournment of the six Democratic members of the committee who are adhering to the Administration view, an announcement was made that they had virtually completed the bill and would lay it before the full committee tomorrow. The five Republican members and Senator Hitchcock, who are preparing a separate bill, say they will not be able to finish before the middle of next week. They hope to be ready to report not later than Thursday. The six Democrats will await the outcome of the efforts of their Republican colleagues and Mr. Hitchcock.

The Republicans and Senator Hitchcock insist that they are the regular Banking and Currency Committee and that the Administration Democratic Senators are intruders. The former organized to elect Senator Hitchcock acting chairman in the way written into the bill. As the committee is divided, a report would be impossible, but after the two sides have perfected the full committee bill, it will be reported to the Senate. The bill will be reported to the Senate by the end of next week. Then from 8 to 10 weeks to two months of debate will ensue.

Each side outwardly maintains the best of feeling for the other and there is frequent interchange between the two camps.

Would Limit Redemption.

The most important change in the bill is a being evolved by the Republicans and Senator Hitchcock. It was reported on today on the privilege of redemption when a member bank in the reserve association may claim. In the House all there was written into the bill today providing that every member bank may claim as a matter of right redemptions on eligible paper up to the limit of its capital stock, but that in no case may it enjoy redemptions greater amount than 200 per cent. of its capital stock except with the consent of the Federal reserve board. An additional rate of interest, graduated, will be required on redemptions in excess of 100 per cent. The rate additional will be 1 per cent. for the additional 50 per cent. above the account of capital stock, and 2 per cent. additional for the second 50 per cent. above the capital stock.

The Republicans and the Senator from Nebraska proceeded as far as section 15 of the bill, passing temporarily section 2. The language of the House bill is being rewritten and simplified as much as possible, even where amendments in the substance are not being made.

A disquieting feature introduced into the consideration of the bill today was a proposal to guarantee bank deposits. Senator Williams of Mississippi introduced an amendment a few days ago in the Senate proposing a tax of 1 per cent. on the capital stock of the member banks to create a fund to guarantee national bank deposits. It was reported today that the six Democratic members had adopted this amendment in their bill after modifying it, but this was denied. It was explained that the matter had been laid aside with other suggestions to be embodied in an independent bill revising the banking laws which will be taken up at the regular session.

Strange to say, the Republican members and Senator Hitchcock took the proposal more seriously. Senator Bristow came forward with a proposal for a guarantee of deposits in the following form: That after the banks in the reserve association have declared a 5 per cent. dividend above actual expenses and have accumulated a surplus equivalent to 20 per cent. the excess shall be divided into two equal parts, one part to be given to the Government as its profit for the undertaking and the other half to go into a fund to guarantee bank deposits.

May Remove Directors.

The Republicans today agreed to give the Federal reserve board power to remove any director of a regional bank for cause after notice and hearing, with the power to suspend a director pending such removal. The Democratic members agreed yesterday to endow the Federal board with the power of removal, but made no provision for notice and hearing.

The Democratic members adopted an amendment today cutting down the membership of the Federal reserve board to seven. The Secretary of the Treasury resigned as a member of the board. A divergence of opinion developed among the Democratic members today as to the tenure of the members of the reserve board, but it was finally agreed that they should be appointed so that the term of one member will expire each year. Some of the members had advocated a twelve year term, allowing a vacancy every two years instead of every year. It was agreed that the salary of the members of the reserve board should be \$10,000 a year.

Senator O'Gorman succeeded in having two amendments made to the provision of the bill authorizing the appointment of members of the Federal reserve board. One amendment eliminated entirely the requirement that the President shall not appoint more than one member of the reserve board from a single regional reserve district.

The other amendment by Mr. O'Gorman changes the language of the House bill wherein it recommends that the President take into consideration the geographical divisions of the country in appointing members of the Federal reserve board, and as amended the requirement is that he shall take into consideration "racial, commercial and geographical divisions of the country."

The Democrats made a change in the bill wherein it authorizes the appointment of receivers to take charge of the affairs of insolvent regional banks should insolvency occur, so that the Federal reserve board will have the power to "take possession of and administer the functions of the regional bank. The purpose of this language is to make possible the reorganization of insolvent regional banks.

Werner Spent \$2,000; Hitchcock, \$4,119.

ALBANY, Nov. 14. Judge William E. Werner, Republican candidate for Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, certified today to the Secretary of State that he had received no campaign funds and had spent \$2,000. Judge Frank H. Hitchcock, his running mate for Associate Justice, received nothing and spent \$4,119.41.

## H. Otto Wittpenn

He will be named as Naval Officer of the Port.



### WITTPENN FOR NAVAL OFFICER.

President Names Jersey Man for Kracke's Place.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—It was said at the White House late today that President Wilson has decided upon H. Otto Wittpenn, formerly Mayor of Jersey City, as Naval Officer of the Port of New York, to succeed Frederick J. H. Kracke.

Mr. Wittpenn is a staunch friend of Joseph P. Tamm, the secretary to the President. He was an earnest worker for Ellder in the recent gubernatorial contest.

Ex-Mayor Wittpenn admitted in Jersey City yesterday that the place had been offered to him. He said he would announce soon whether he would accept or decline.

The offer is accepted by Mr. Wittpenn's friends as a desire on the part of the President to reward the ex-Mayor for the part he played in the New Jersey gubernatorial campaign.

KRACKE MAY BE CHAMBERLAIN.

Resigns as Naval Officer of Port; Talk of City Job.

Frederick J. H. Kracke, who has been naval officer of the port of New York under three administrations, has resigned. It was said yesterday at the City Hall that Mr. Kracke was sure of a place in the Mitchell administration.

Congressman William M. Calder of Brooklyn, who helped to keep the Republicans in line for Mitchell, has been active in Kracke's interest. Kracke, according to reports, may be appointed City Chamberlain, a job which carries with it a salary of \$12,000, as against the \$8,000 salary of naval officer.

TOMMY BURNS KILLED

BY ELEVATED TRAIN

Famous American Jockey, Just Back From German Tracks, Meets Tragic Death.

Tommy Burns, jockey, was killed by a Brighton Beach elevated train yesterday. He fell from the platform of the Elm place station in Fulton street at 4:50 A. M. and was almost decapitated by the front wheels of the first car.

Burns returned on Wednesday on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from a successful season on German tracks. With his wife and two children, he went to live with Joseph Dyer at 2638 East Ninth street, Sheepshead Bay. On Thursday afternoon he came to Manhattan on business. At 1 o'clock yesterday morning he telephoned to his wife that he had been detained, but would be home soon.

She heard nothing more until the police informed Mr. Dyer at 5 o'clock that a man thought to be Burns had been killed at Elm place. Dyer identified the body at the Adams street police station.

The jockey, who is known as the "newspaper train," there being few passengers at that time in the morning, its station stops are very short. When it halted at Elm place, Conductor Samuel Greenberg was about to pull the bell cord for the go ahead signal, but paused because he saw a fair overcoat hanging on a bench underneath which was a derby hat.

Greenberg examined the overcoat and hat, then walked to the front of the train, lowered himself to the track and saw a body wedged beneath the truck. It was taken to Elm place street police station. The pockets of the man's suit were about \$2,500 in German paper money, \$185 in American money, two checks for \$250 on New York banks made out to Thomas H. Burns, three cigar tickets, and a return check for Thursday night's performance at the People's Theatre. There was also a contract with E. von Henningsen of Mauthausen, Germany, for Burns to ride Von Henningsen's horses in 1914 for 18,000 marks and 10 per cent. of the winnings, besides expenses.

The police suspected that Burns might be a suicide, but his family and friends say the theory is absurd. He was prosperous and in good health. He was known as a jockey of good habits who saved his money.

Tommy Burns was 34 years old and had been a popular jockey for longer than any other of the really successful riders of the American turf. He was born in Port Hope, Canada, and showed the knack of successful riding from the first time he threw his leg across a horse.

In several years Burns had the best percentage of winning mounts, among them many grand horses. When legislation put an end to racing in New York State Burns went abroad, where he rode with great success. He leaves a widow and two children and Guy Burns, a brother, who also is a successful jockey.

TIME TO PACIFIC CUT 20 HOURS.

New Orleans Limited Now Makes Close Connection With Sunset.

Beginning tomorrow the New York and New Orleans Limited, via the Pennsylvania and Southern Railways, will leave New York at 4:35 P. M. daily, arriving in New Orleans on the second morning at 8:00 o'clock. There it will connect with the Sunset Limited for California.

The Atlanta Special also will exclusively Pullman train, will leave New York at 4:35 P. M. and arrive at Atlanta the following afternoon at 10 o'clock.

## TAFT WARNS AGAINST OFFENCES TO JAPAN

In Address Before Geographic Society He Points Out Only Path to War.

QUOTES COUNT HAYASHI

Says Trouble Can Come Only From Treating Japanese as Inferior People.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Ex-President William H. Taft delivered an address this evening before the National Geographic Society, in which for the first time since he left the White House he commented on the foreign affairs of the United States.

The delicate situation existing between Japan and the United States over the enactment of the alien land law by California was touched on by him. Mr. Taft showed impatience over this slight on Japan by the "Wholesome people of California" and served warning that the only thing that ever would bring on a war between this Government and the Far Eastern Power would be an attempt to humiliate them by ranking them as an inferior people.

The inference was plain that the California land law in Mr. Taft's opinion tended toward an affront to Japan. Mr. Taft quoted significantly the words of Count Hayashi to him when the latter was Minister of Foreign Affairs at Tokio. The ex-President also took up the present tendency toward a deception of the Philippine people into the belief that independence and expressed doubt as to the future of the Chinese republic as such.

Here is what the former President had to say of Japan:

"My visits to Japan instilled in me the profound respect and very kindly feeling that I have toward that people and toward the great men who have done so much to make them a great nation. It is much nearer a popular government than many people suppose. It is not true that the statesmen of Japan desire a war with the United States. I do not hesitate to say that it is the last thing they desire."

"When Homer Lea or anybody else speaks of the probability of war occurring between Japan and the United States and of the landing of a great Japanese force on the California coast which shall subject us to humiliation he proceeds on assumptions that never in fact will be realized."

"But the only danger of a war is in our doing injustice to the Japanese. We made a gentlemen's agreement with them with respect to the immigration of the laborers into this country, by which we left it to their control with the understanding that they would not increase the number in this country."

"They have kept that to the letter. They have no desire to encourage immigration to us. They have used their people in China and elsewhere, but as Count Hayashi has said, 'They are in our country. We feel that as we are entitled by what we have done to be treated on an equality with the other peoples of the world by you, and when you discriminate against us when our people manifest a race prejudice against us and seek to assign us to an inferior grade you stir the hearts of our people. Outrages against our people in your country are greatly resented by us, because they would arouse such feeling on the part of our people that they might not be able to be controlled.'"

"To me one of the most satisfactory things accomplished while I was President," added Mr. Taft, "was the treaty with Japan and the way in which it came about. The Japanese Government has kept its faith. Now we must keep the faith with them, and no matter what the reckless and unjust acts of thoughtless people in California or elsewhere may be, they should be treated as the acts of a few bad people and it is in the interest of the civilization of the world that we and its people keep on good terms."

Speaking of the new Chinese republic Mr. Taft said:

"It seems to have failed temporarily. It will work out ultimately. They are conservative people. They move slowly."

WALDO HANDS OUT PROMOTIONS.

Two Captains, Five Lieutenants and Ten Sergeants Named.

With the retirement yesterday of Police Captain Patrick L. Walsh of the College Point station, who was appointed on the same day seventeen years ago with Capt. Richard Kelly, who was dropped from the department two days ago, Commissioner Waldo announced the promotion of two new captains, five new lieutenants, ten new sergeants and the transfer of six sergeants from Harlem to the eastern end of Queens.

The new captains are James S. Bolan, who has been at the head of a reading squad, assigned to the East 104th street station, and John P. Sweeney, who puts on the gold braid as commander of the Richmond Hill station.

Capt. Patrick Corcoran was assigned to make a big skip across the boroughs. Corcoran only recently got his breath from a jump from the Classon avenue station in Brooklyn to the East 104th street station at the College Point station, a summer picnic and outing grove on Long Island Sound.

Capt. August Kuhne of the Lenox avenue station, who has been on trial for not enforcing discipline, was fined twenty days pay. Capt. Kuhne was also charged with failing to suppress two gambling houses. He was acquitted on this charge.

POLICE RAID "SANITARIUM."

Two Nurses Locked Up—Mrs. McCulloch, Ill., Put Under Guard.

Deputy Commissioner Newburger went last night to the place of Frances McCulloch at 27 East Forty-fourth street, advertised as a "sanitarium," armed with a warrant for the arrest of both of the nurses there. He was accompanied by a half dozen policemen and made three arrests, all under the disorderly house section of the Penal Code.

The McCulloch place is a five-story house near Madison avenue and not many doors from Canfield's old location. The deputy took the two nurses to the East Sixty-seventh street station for the night, and there they said they were Jean Young and Helen Olson.

Although Mrs. McCulloch was not called for in the warrant she was taken into custody. She was ill and could not leave her room. Two policemen were left on guard and will bring her to court this morning if she is able to appear.

Blake Hearing Again Put Off.

Mrs. Catherine Ketcham Blake's application for alimony from Dr. Joseph A. Blake came up before Supreme Court Justice Seabury yesterday and was adjourned again. An agreement probably will be made out of court, and the suit may be tried before a referee.

## JUDGE BARTLETT ELECTED.

Discovery of Error of 3,000 in Kings Gives Lead Over Werner.

Willard Bartlett, Democratic candidate, has been elected Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals. When the election came in from up-State he claimed the election of William E. Werner. But an error was found yesterday in the report from the Twenty-third Assembly district in Kings county, which gave Mr. Bartlett without ground for further doubt to Judge Bartlett, who lives in Kings. The whole trouble arose because somebody read "2,000" where he ought to have read "4,000."

Mr. Bartlett conceded yesterday that the change of 3,000 in Kings county and fully 1,000 in Queens were sufficient to bring about Werner's defeat.

## ANTI-TAMMANY FIGHT LAGS.

No Reply Yet to Letter Inviting Committee of Twenty-five.

The purging of Tammany Hall has not progressed much beyond the stage of oratory yet, except in so far as District Attorney Whitman's activity may be assumed to be in that direction. Stuart G. Gibbons, in charge of the campaign of the Anti-Tammany League, yesterday said yesterday that the twenty-five men to whom he had addressed letters, asking them to help in the fight on Tammany, had not replied, but he hoped they would.

William F. Schneider, clerk of New York county, who was re-elected on the fusion ticket, said that Tammany had been too long in power, and that what was needed is a real democracy in New York. He said that the organization of Tammany is based on about 5 per cent. of the total Democratic voting strength of the city.

William B. Ellison, who was Corporation Counsel under Mayor McCellan, said it was hopeless to try to reform Tammany from the outside. If real work was to be done, it must be done from inside the organization. Repeated defeats, he said, are the best spur for that kind of action.

## DOESN'T WANT BANKER

BISHOP TO WED AGAIN

Wife to Refuse Final Decree of Divorce, Fearing New Romance.

Mrs. Abigail Hancock Bishop, who got an interlocutory decree of divorce from Justice George C. Seabury last spring, does not intend to permit her husband to marry again as asking for a final decree.

She believes the award of \$15,000 alimony is insufficient and will seek an increase. She will also try to retain the custody of her fifteen-year-old daughter, Nathalie, who has started proceedings to have her guardianship changed from her mother to her sister, Mary C. Bishop, 21 years old.

These facts came out before Supreme Court Justice George C. Seabury yesterday when Henry W. Taft, counsel for Bishop, asked the court to grant a final decree of divorce and vacate the interlocutory decree.

Mrs. Bishop, who returned home from London on Wednesday, was indisposed and unable to go to court, but her attorney, Edwin P. Hays, said:

"Mrs. Bishop does not want a final decree, she believes the interlocutory decree is not in satisfactory form, that she has no security for her alimony. She also wants the provision concerning the custody of the children changed. As to Mrs. Bishop's attempt to force a final decree, he has no standing in this court as the divorce was obtained against him."

Mr. Taft said that if Mrs. Bishop tries to have additional alimony awarded she may succeed in having the amount she is receiving reduced, because Bishop will be able to show that his income has been reduced since the interlocutory decree was granted.

Thomas Ingraham, who has been appointed guardian for Nathalie Bishop, said that his ward joined with her father in asking that she be freed from the effects of the present divorce be set aside. He asked that the money now being paid to Mrs. Bishop for the maintenance of Nathalie be paid to him and not to Mrs. Bishop.

Justice Seabury suggested that the case be sent back to Justice Goff, but he accepted advice from the attorneys and reserved decision.

## BICHLORIDE KILLS WOMAN.

Took Poison by Mistake; Two Others, Bent on Suicide, Improve.

Mrs. Helen Jann, the West Brighton, Staten Island, woman who swallowed twenty-one grains of bichloride of mercury with suicidal intent, was still in a critical condition, although somewhat improved, last night. An unusual operation was performed yesterday to remove the poison from her kidneys.

Mrs. Berd Mayer, 35 years old, of 165 Riverside Drive, died yesterday at Mount Sinai Hospital from the effects of bichloride of mercury tablets taken ten days ago by mistake.

It was said at the General Hospital in Paterson, N. J., last night that Mrs. Mona Earl, 22 years old, of Longhemp, N. Y., who swallowed two bichloride of mercury and three morphine tablets last Sunday, will recover. She took the poison in a fit of despondency because her divorced husband, whom she married when she was 16, refused to return to her.

## OLD HAYMARKET CLOSED.

Rumor Is That Police Will Put Place Out of Business.

The old Haymarket, at Thirtieth street and Sixth avenue, one of the oldest spots in the Tenderloin, failed to open last night, and the rumor went the rounds that Inspector Gillen had decided to put the place out of business.

## How Would You Like to Digest

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## SHINPLASTERS URGED TO CUT LIVING COST

People's Institute Also Says Half-Cent Coins Would Effect Saving.

CITY'S MARKET PLAN OUT

Cyrus Miller Says It Calls for Big Terminal Markets in Each Borough.

The People's Institute has a new suggestion for cutting the cost of living. It would have the Government issue 2½, 5 and 12½ cent pieces and paper money in denominations of 25 and 50 cents.

A resolution passed by the members of the institute at Cooper Union last night says:

"As it is now, the five and ten cent pieces are the lowest denominations of value in a large number of transactions. We believe that the issue of coins of smaller denominations would automatically tend to the cheapening of many of these services, as well as to the introduction of a new measure of value to thousands of articles now artificially fixed by the coins in circulation."

"We further believe that the issue of small denomination paper money would greatly facilitate the use of the parcel post; it would be of great use to poor people who do not use checks or drafts."

The resolution is to be sent to President Wilson, the Secretary of the Treasury and all New York Representatives and Senators.

William Church Osborn, who is chairman of the State Food Commission, is so busy studying kitchen economy that he recently declined a \$15,000 Public Service Commissionship, and Cyrus C. Miller, Borough President of the Bronx, and chairman of the city market commission, appointed by Mayor Gilman, talked about "The City's Food."

Mr. Osborn said that 45 per cent. of the cost of vegetables lay in distribution from the railroad terminals to the householder. In this city \$150,000,000 a year is spent in storage and distribution.

He said that the cost of modern economic methods, Mr. Osborn said, was not saved at least \$10,000,000 a year in New York. The city's great disadvantage is that the problem it consumes is raised forty or fifty miles away. Another disadvantage is that it is a city of many centers for which one big central market will not suffice.

It is believed 25 per cent. of our food could be delivered directly to the purchaser. The rest could be obtained through large wholesale markets. The first step toward

## The Reason Some Men Wear Business Clothes to the Theatre

Is that they do not feel at home in Evening Clothes—and it must be admitted that very frequently they are right, but the really effective way of overcoming that is not to dispense with Evening Clothes, but to display discrimination in selecting them. Buy your Evening Clothes in a Brill store. Smart, graceful, symmetrical; every line and seam has been carefully planned and thoroughly tailored; their perfect fit and comfort depend on the tailor and not on stiffening and haircloth. Step into a Brill store to-day and slip into a Dress Suit.

Dress Coats, \$15, \$20, \$25 & \$35—Tuxedos, \$15, \$18, \$24 & \$31 Trousers, \$4, \$5, \$6 & \$10—Waistcoats, \$3.50 to \$20

## Brill Brothers

279 Broadway, near Chambers Street Union Square, 14th Street, near Broadway 47 Cortlandt Street, near Greenwich Street Broadway at 49th Street 125th Street, Corner Third Avenue

## QUIT JAIL IN A MOTOR BOAT.

Three Prisoners and Four Rescuers Caught After Chase.

Three prisoners in the workhouse on Hart's Island escaped for a few miles yesterday morning through the efforts of three men and a woman in a motorboat. Warden John Murtha and two guards chased the motorboat in the Department of Correction steamer Riker's Island and overhauled all of the party except Louis Miller by rifle shots. Miller jumped overboard and swam to the Long Island shore. Warden Murtha, Murtha's assistant, and he was boarding a train at the great Neck station of the Long Island Railroad.

The prisoners, who made the leap were Miller, Morris Goshen and Morris Paul. The members of the rescuing party were taken to the City Island police station and locked up. They were David Capatzen of 49 City Island avenue, 470 Island avenue of the motorboat, Mrs. Grace Paul of 221 West 124th street, Joseph Bennett of 407 Pearl street and Charles Moss who lives somewhere in 140th street, Manhattan.

The three men and the woman were held in \$500 bail each for examination by Magistrate Kretz in the Manhattan court.

## CAUTION!

The great popularity of the clean, pure, healthful WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

is causing unscrupulous persons to wrap rank imitations that are not even real chewing gum so they resemble genuine WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. The better class of stores will not try to fool you with these imitations. They will be offered to you principally by street fakirs, peddlers and the candy departments of some 5 and 10 cent stores. These rank imitations cost dealers one cent a package or even less and are sold to careless people for almost any price.

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